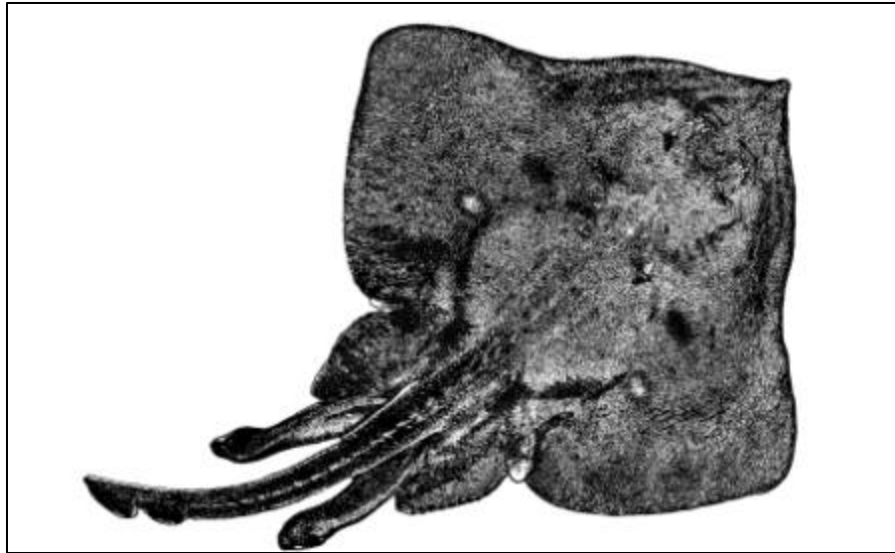


# **revised model for the Alaska skate in the BSAI**



**Olav A. Ormseth  
Alaska Fisheries Science Center  
NPFMC Groundfish Plan Team meeting, September 2012**

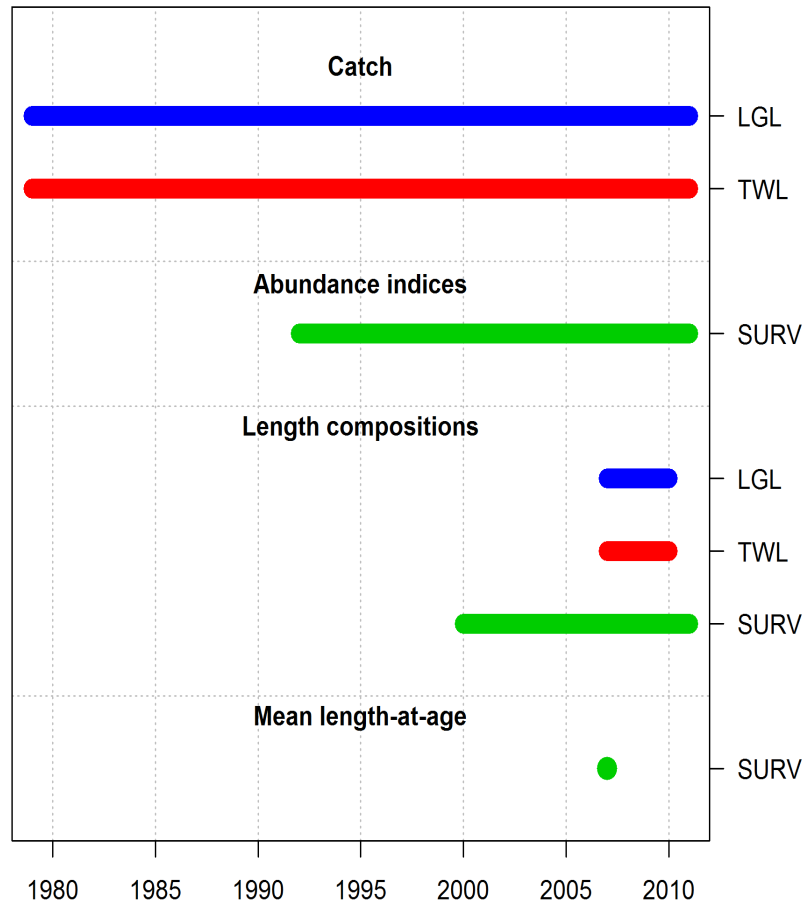
# overview

- **why revise the model?**
- **changes**
- **evaluation**
- **results**

# **why change the model?**

- **existing model doesn't do well at length-at-age**
- **existing model doesn't take advantage of new SS features**
- **the SSC said so**

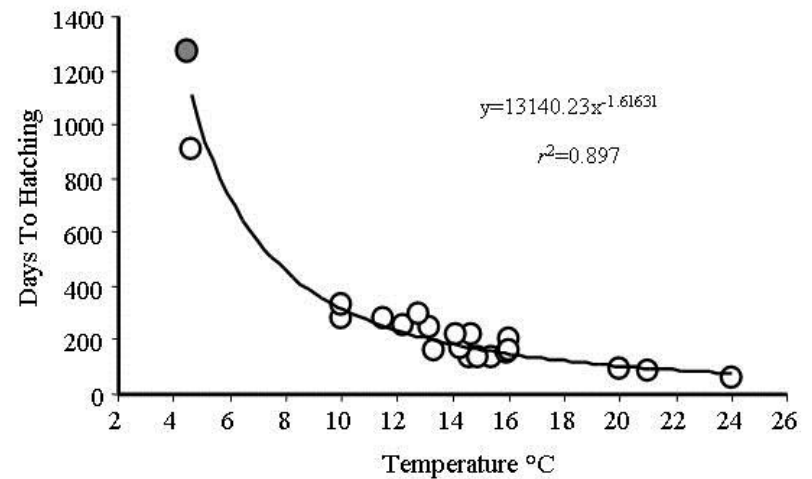
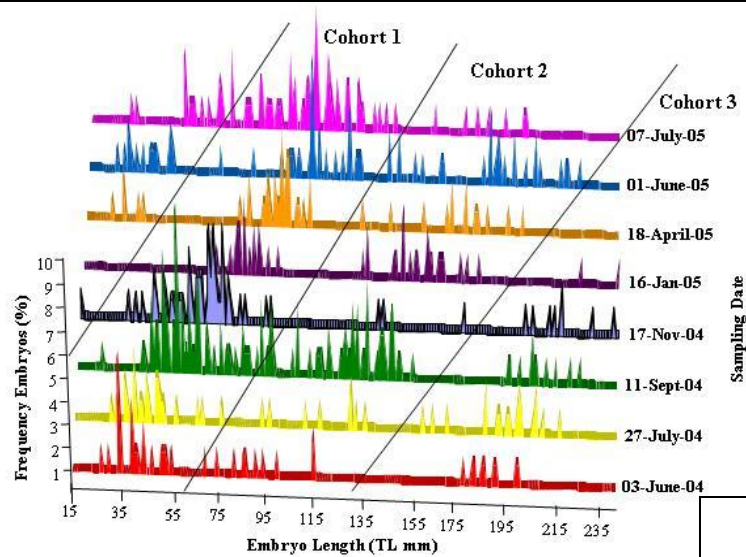
# data



# methodology kept intact

- 3-year embryonic period included in model
- fixed  $M$  of 0.13
- fixed maturity, fecundity, etc.
- fixed survey catchability of 1

# review of embryo period



# changes in methodology

- used an updated version of Stock Synthesis (version 3.23)
- 4-parameter Schnute growth function used to model growth, instead of 3-parameter von Bertalanffy
- parameters of growth model estimated independently and fixed
- selectivity functions for both fisheries and the survey are dome-shaped rather than asymptotic.
- “survivorship” function is used to model the stock-recruit relationship.
- knife-edge age selectivity fixed at 3.5 for all fisheries % survey
- maximum age was raised from 25 to 30.
- model starts in 1980

# growth model

- changed from LVB to Schnute 4-parameter
- approximated Gompertz by using low value of  $\Upsilon$
- parameters estimated independently, then fixed
- CV estimated within the model

$$Y(t) = \left\{ y_1^\gamma + (y_2^\gamma - y_1^\gamma) \frac{1 - \exp[-\kappa(t - \tau_1)]}{1 - \exp[-\kappa(\tau_2 - \tau_1)]} \right\}^{1/\gamma}$$

- $y_1$  &  $y_2$  = size at ages  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$
- $\kappa$  = von Bertalanffy growth parameter
- $\Upsilon$  = Richards coefficient

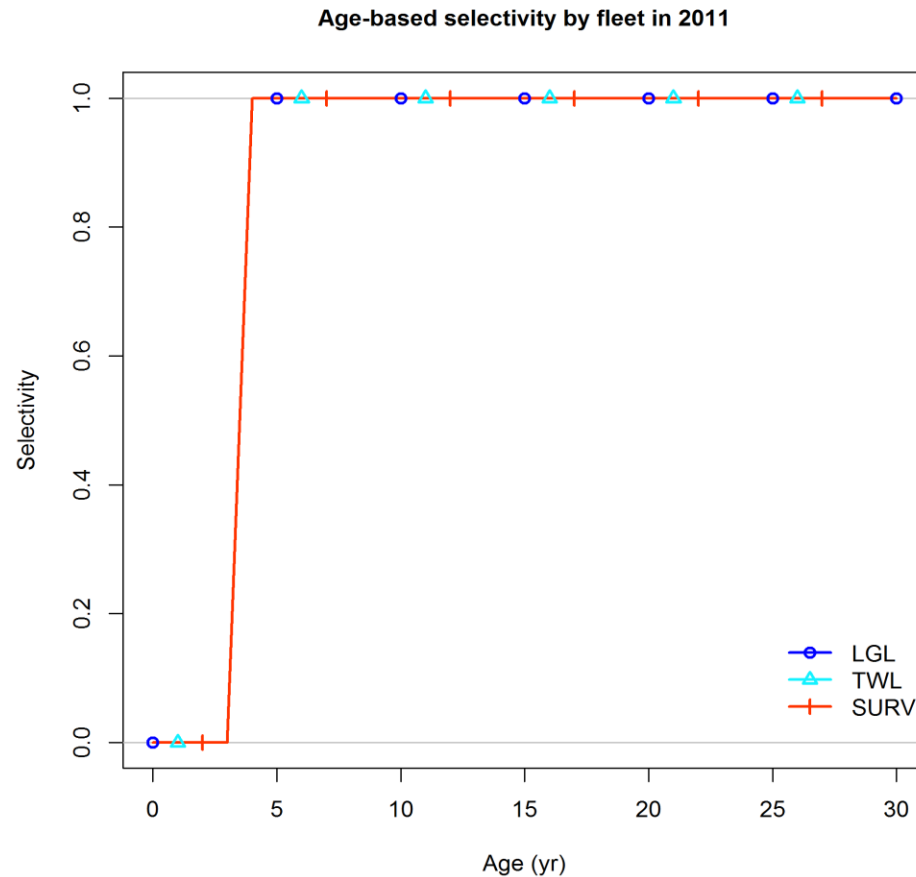


# length selectivity

- abandoned fixed logistic selectivity for survey (didn't describe all aspects of survey selectivity)
- both fisheries & survey are double normal (recommended in SS)
- initial values & resulting estimated parameters are for dome shaped selectivity
- descending limb consistent with inhabitation of skate nursery sites by older, larger skates & resulting unavailability
- peak of selectivity curve (i.e. double-normal parameter #1) fixed; all other parameters estimated

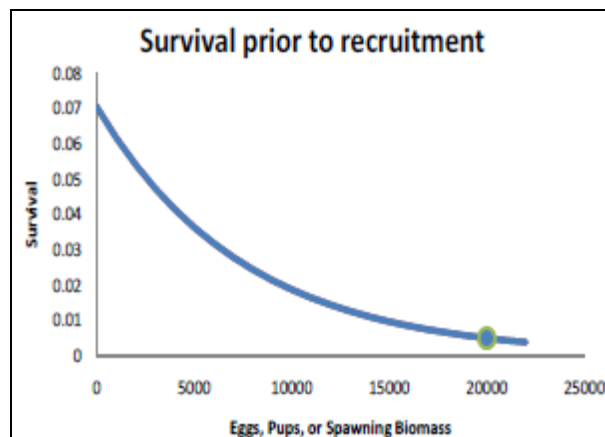
# age selectivity

- knife-edged age selectivity at 3.5 years for both fisheries & survey



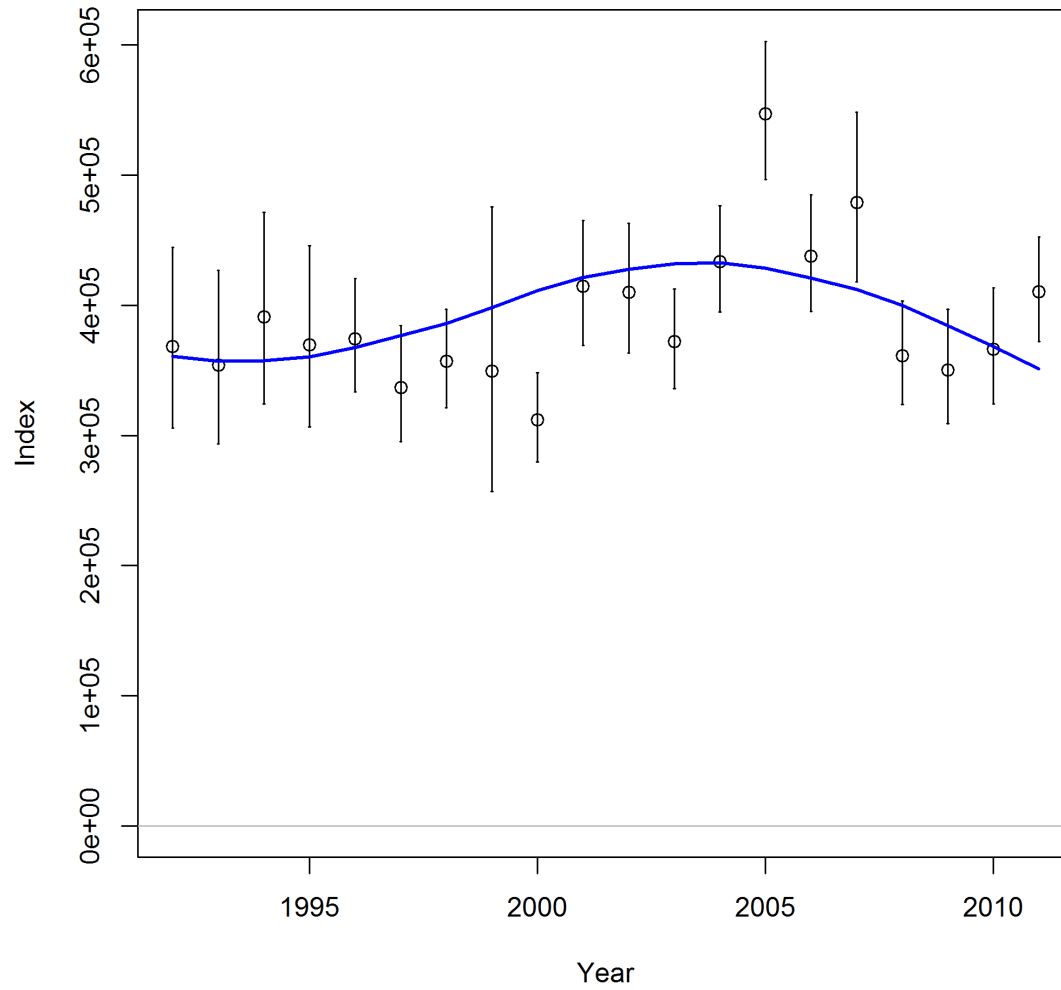
# survivorship function

- three-parameter function
- $R_0$
- $Z_{\text{frac}} \sim$  increase in survival rate with reduced spawning stock size
- $\beta \sim$  controls where survival changes fastest as a function of spawning depletion (i.e. controls the shapes of the curve)

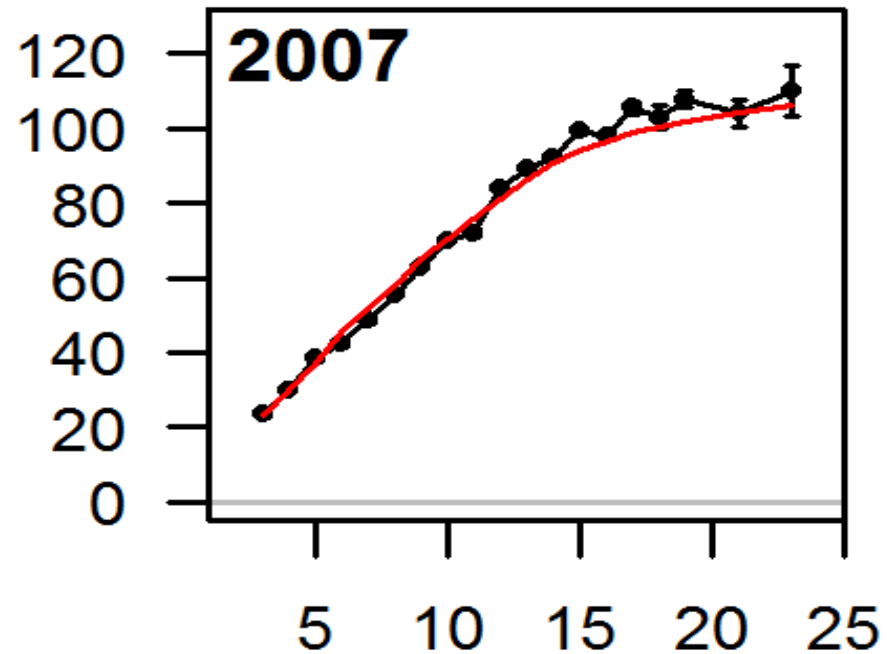


$Z_{\text{frac}} = 0.5$   
 $B = 1.0$

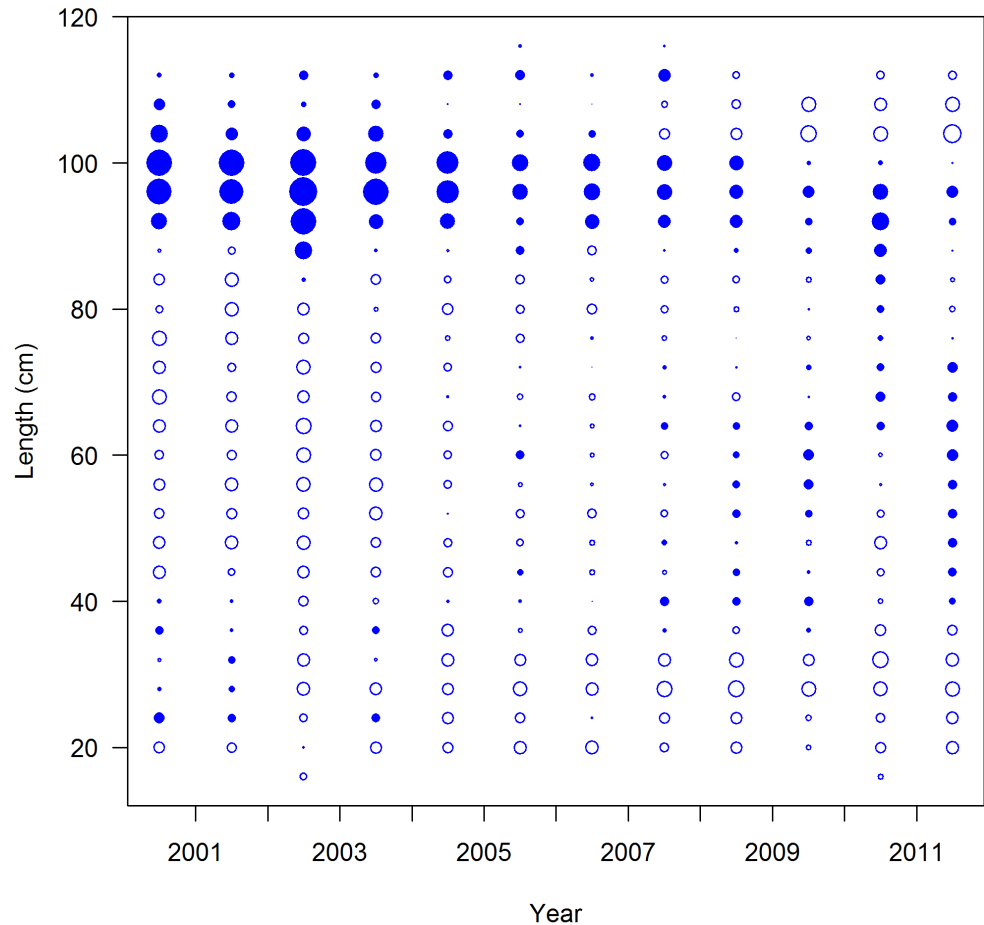
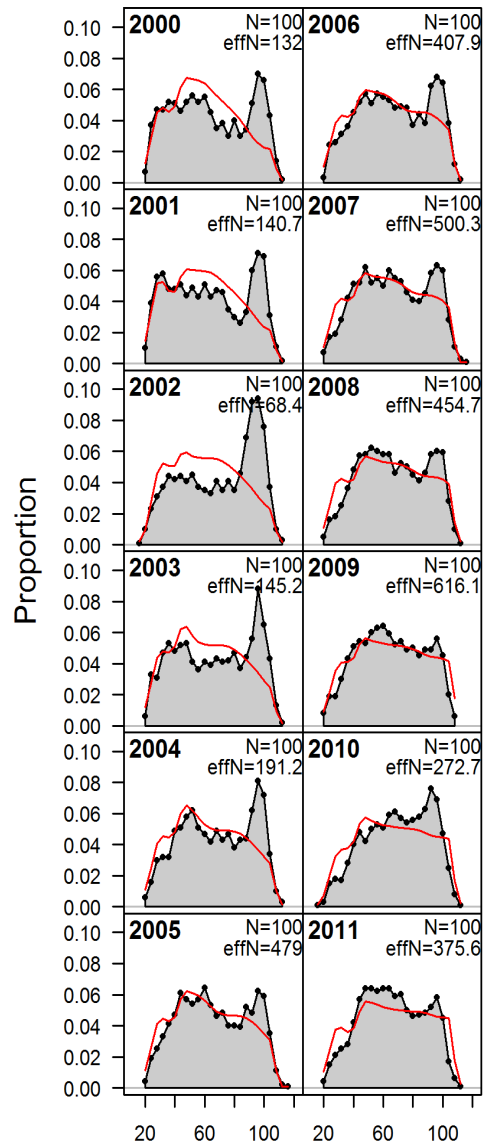
# survey fit



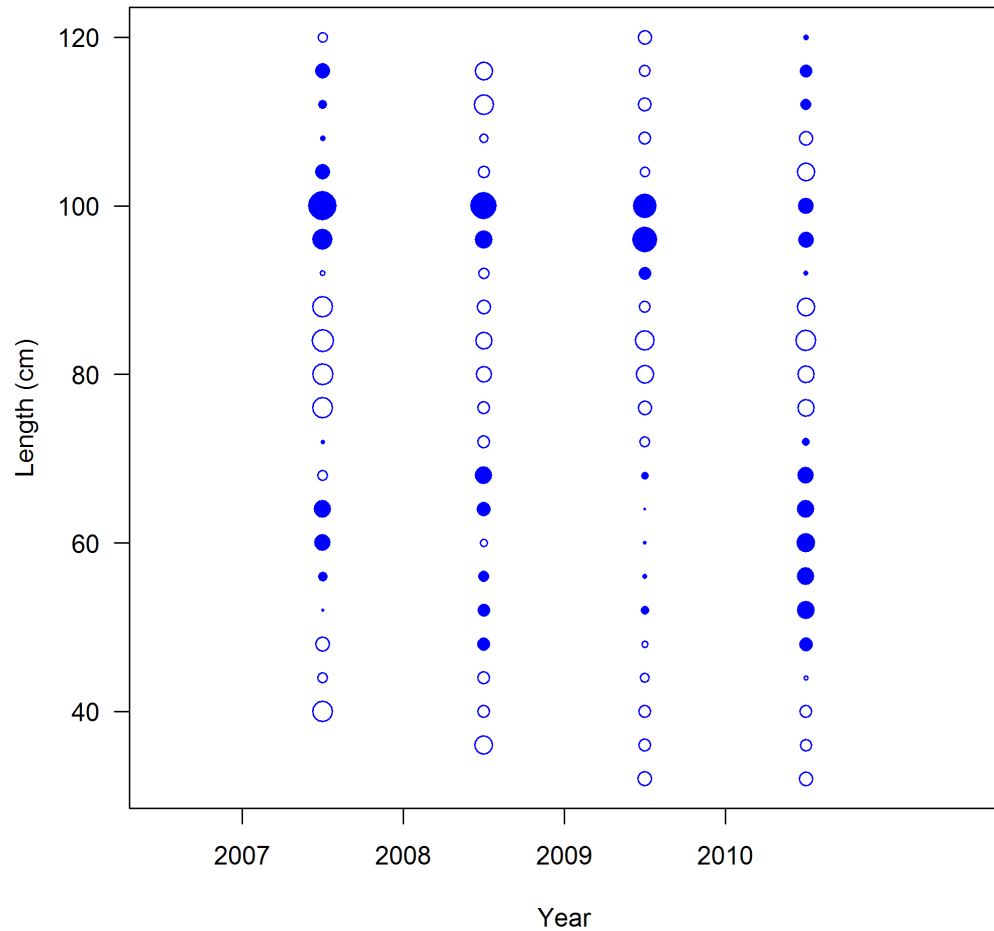
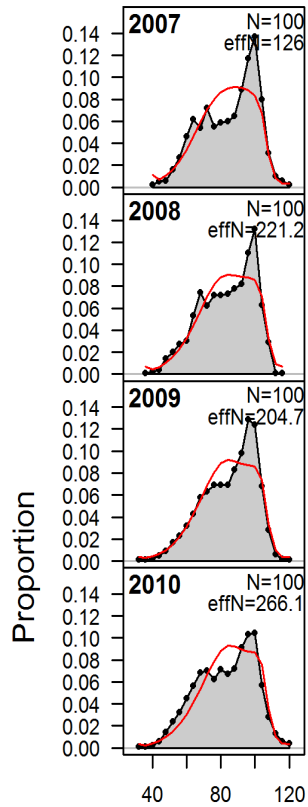
# model fit to LAA



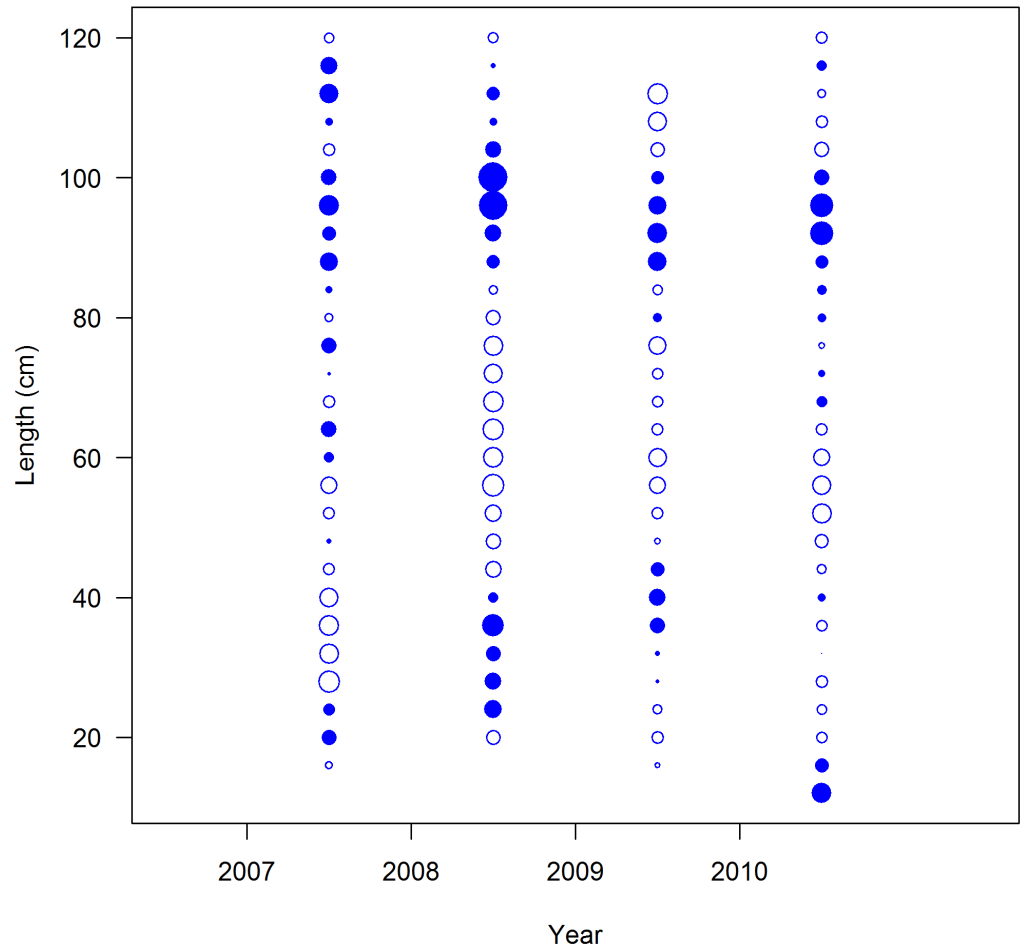
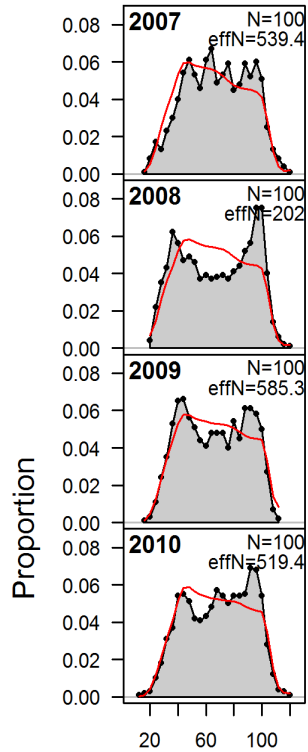
# survey length comps



# longline length comps

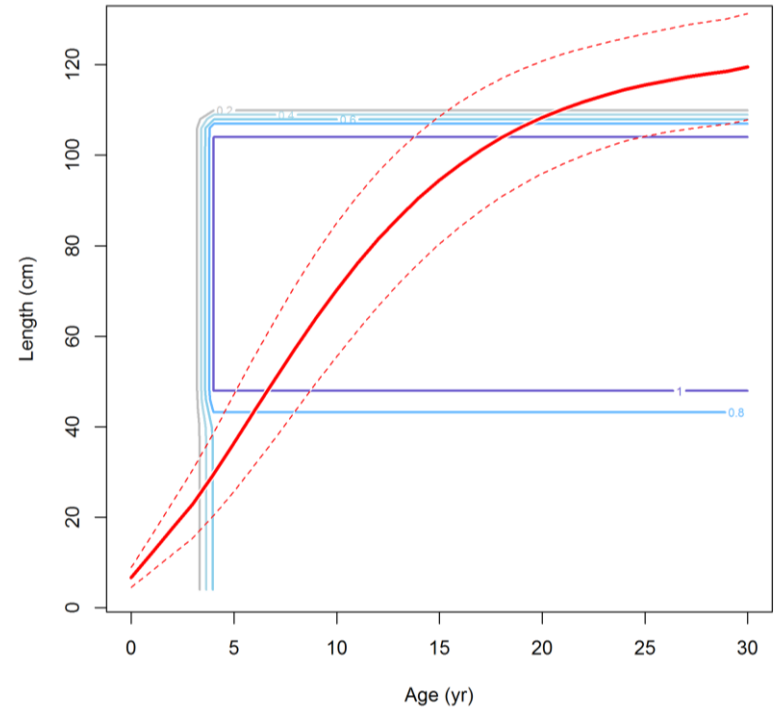
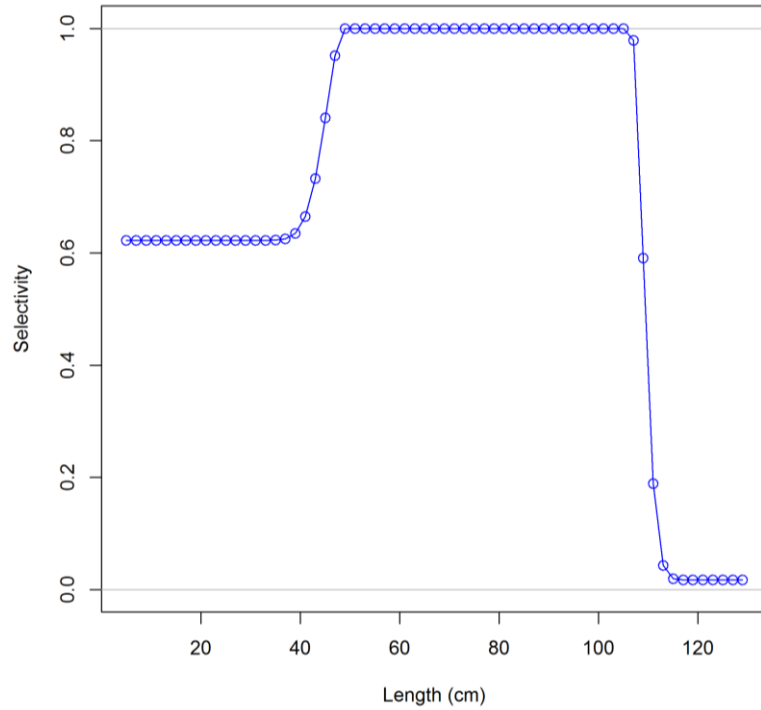


# trawl length comps

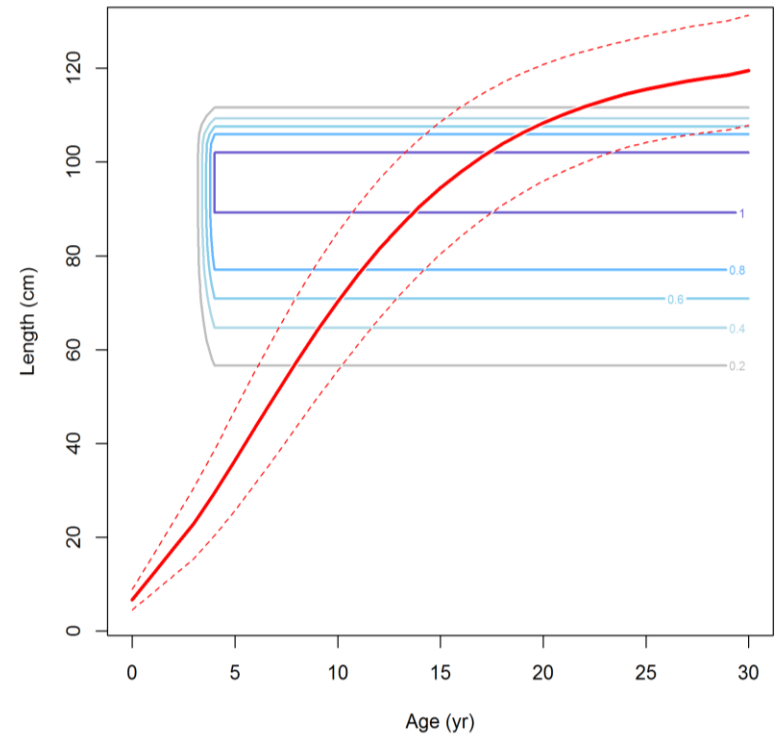
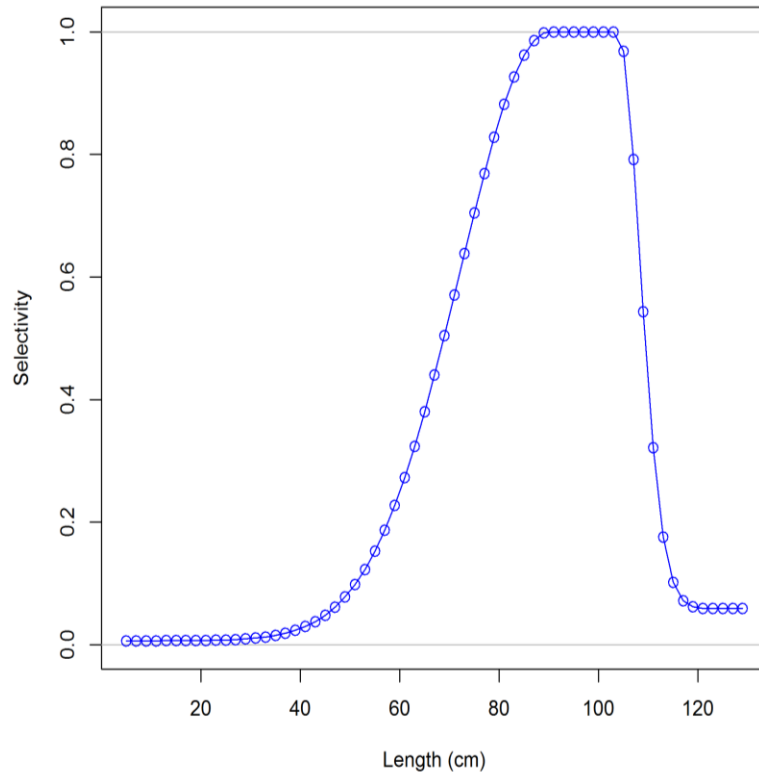




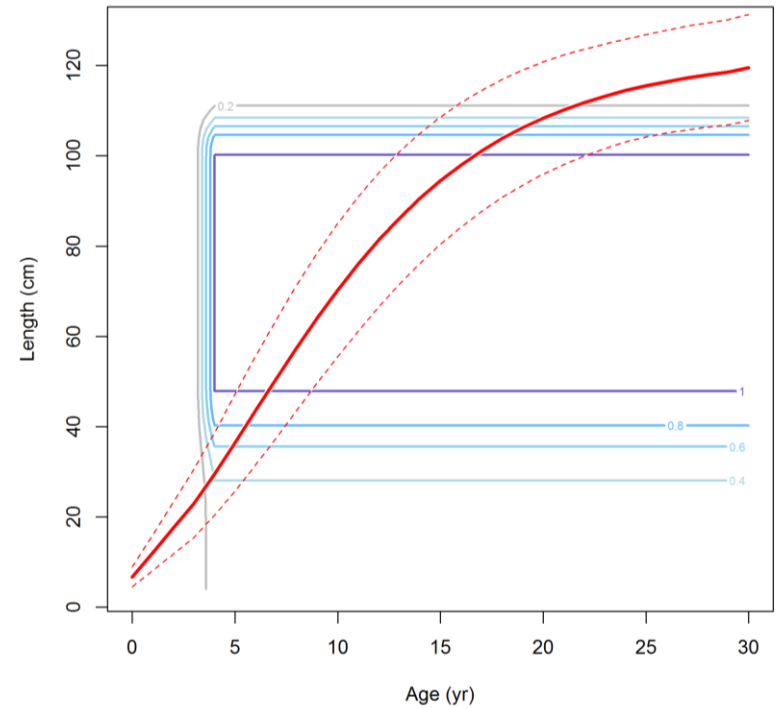
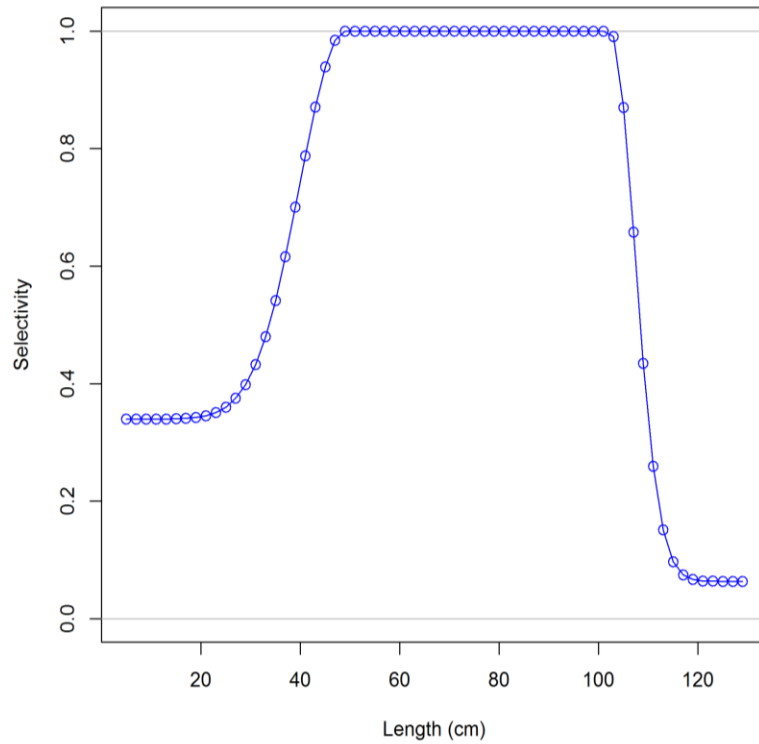
# survey selectivity



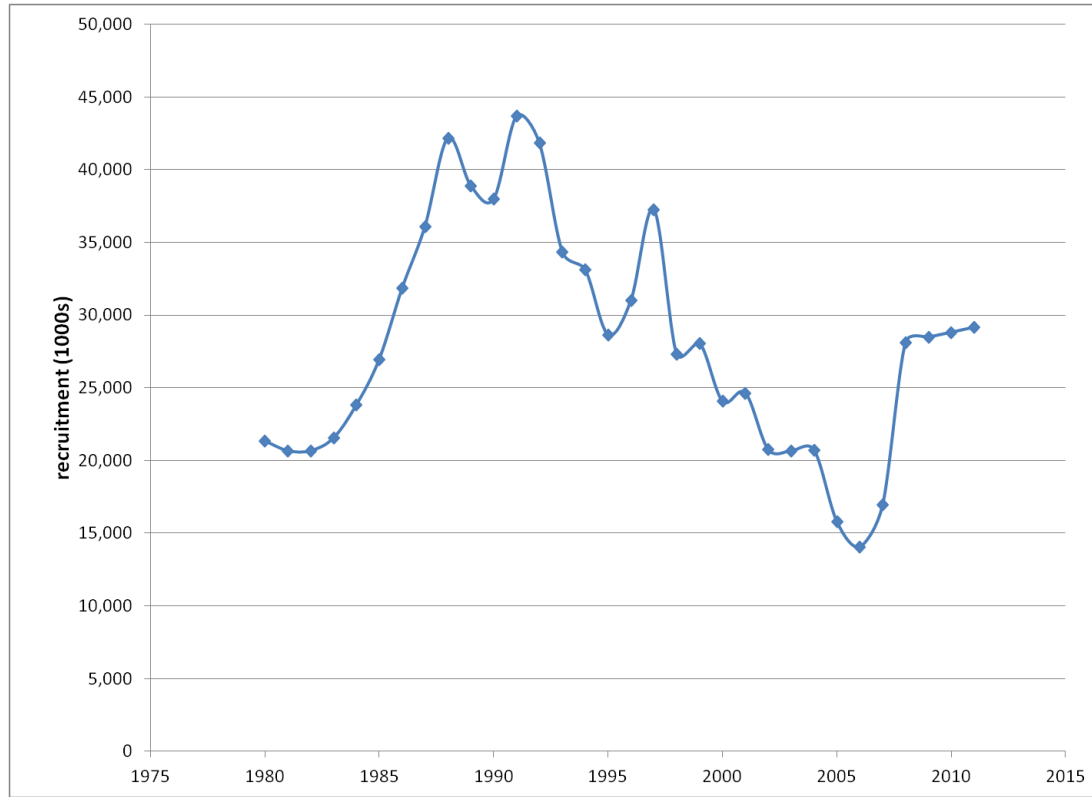
# longline selectivity



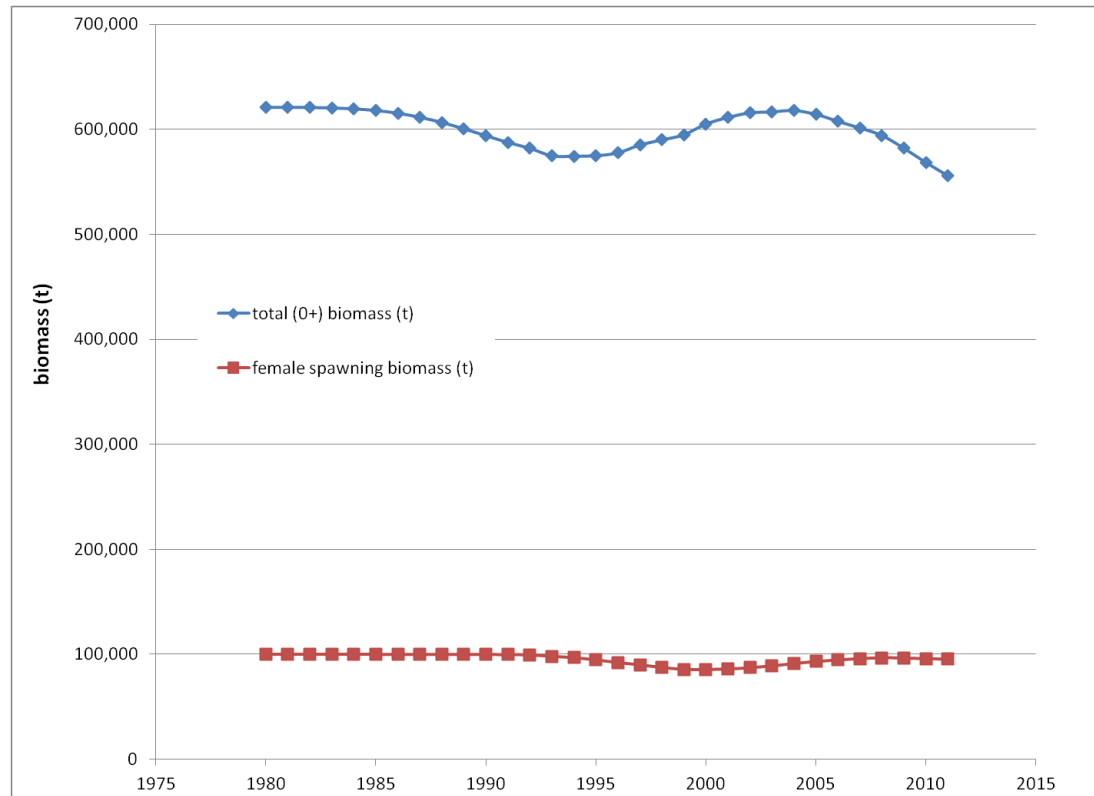
# trawl selectivity



# recruitment estimates



# population estimates



# comparing reference points etc.

quantity	existing model values for 2012	revised model values for 2012
$M$ (natural mortality rate)	0.13	0.13
Tier	3a	3a
Projected total (age 0+) biomass (t)	550,912	<b>594,827</b>
Female spawning biomass (t)		
Projected	55,139	<b>89,366</b>
$B_{100\%}$	92,117	<b>116,911</b>
$B_{40\%}$	36,846	<b>46,764</b>
$B_{35\%}$	32,241	<b>40,919</b>
$F_{OFL}$	0.087	<b>0.10</b>
max $F_{ABC}$	0.075	<b>0.089</b>
$F_{ABC}$	0.075	<b>0.089</b>
OFL (t)	29,669	<b>32,254</b>
max ABC (t)	25,565	<b>28,158</b>
ABC (t)	25,565	<b>28,158</b>
<b>Status</b>		
Overfishing	No	<b>No</b>
Overfished	No	<b>No</b>
Approaching overfished	No	<b>No</b>